

**Small Business Fair Dismissal Code**

*Fair Work Act 2009*

**Declaration under subsection 388(1)**

I, Senator the Hon Mark Arbib, Acting Minister for Employment and Workplace Relations, declare the Attachment to this Declaration to be the Small Business Fair Dismissal Code.

Dated: 24/06/09

[signed]

[Signed]

Senator the Hon Mark Arbib  
Acting Minister for Employment and Workplace Relations

## **Small Business Fair Dismissal Code**

### **Commencement**

The Small Business Fair Dismissal Code comes into operation on 1 July 2009.

### **Summary Dismissal**

It is fair for an employer to dismiss an employee without notice or warning when the employer believes on reasonable grounds that the employee's conduct is sufficiently serious to justify immediate dismissal. Serious misconduct includes theft, fraud, violence and serious breaches of occupational health and safety procedures. For a dismissal to be deemed fair it is sufficient, though not essential, that an allegation of theft, fraud or violence be reported to the police. Of course, the employer must have reasonable grounds for making the report.

### **Other Dismissal**

In other cases, the small business employer must give the employee a reason why he or she is at risk of being dismissed. The reason must be a valid reason based on the employee's conduct or capacity to do the job.

The employee must be warned verbally or preferably in writing, that he or she risks being dismissed if there is no improvement.

The small business employer must provide the employee with an opportunity to respond to the warning and give the employee a reasonable chance to rectify the problem, having regard to the employee's response. Rectifying the problem might involve the employer providing additional training and ensuring the employee knows the employer's job expectations.

### **Procedural Matters**

In discussions with an employee in circumstances where dismissal is possible, the employee can have another person present to assist. However, the other person cannot be a lawyer acting in a professional capacity.

A small business employer will be required to provide evidence of compliance with the Code if the employee makes a claim for unfair dismissal to Fair Work Australia, including evidence that a warning has been given (except in cases of summary dismissal). Evidence may include a completed checklist, copies of written warning(s), a statement of termination or signed witness statements.